

NIBI DECLARATION OF TREATY #3

TOOLKIT

NIBI HAS A SPIRIT • NIBI IS LIFE • NIBI IS SACRED • WE HONOUR RESPECT AND LOVE NIBI

NIBI DECLARATION TEAM AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

GRAND COUNCIL TREATY #3 WOMEN'S COUNCIL:

Isobel White, Priscilla Simard, Maggie Petiquan, Anita Collins, Rhonda Fischer

GITIIZII M'INAANIK: Ida Skead, Gilbert Smith, Tommy White, Sherry Copenace, Allan White

OGICHIDAA: Francis Kavanaugh

TECHNICAL TEAM: Aimée Craft (University of Ottawa, Decolonizing Water Governance), Lucas King (GCT3 Territorial Planning Unit)

STUDENT SUPPORT: Alyssa Bird, Heather Gunter, Alexandra Machicado McGee, Justin Clory, and Ashley Wilson

A special acknowledgement is given to all those who worked on and contributed to the Manito Aki Inakonigaawin, the Anishinaabe Nibi Inaakonigewin Report, and Treaty #3 Elders Gatherings and to those who provided feedback on the Declaration and Toolkit in the regional engagement sessions and Nibi Forum.

A word about the cover art by Danielle Morrison (Anishinaabeg of Naoongashing): *The artwork, done in the Woodlands style of Treaty #3, overall captures the essence of the interconnectedness between water, fish, animals, plants and finally, humans. There are two human figures, representing two generations and the responsibility we have to protect water and life for the present and for the next generation. The duality of these figures also represents our responsibility we have to pass along the teachings of being a protector. Night and day are reflected in both the sun and the stars. Water in various forms is presented in a flowing river or body of water, the rain, and the snow. All of this embodied in a single drop of water, which can hold life, knowledge, and memory.*

This research was supported by the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada, Decolonizing Water, and Grand Council Treaty #3.



SSHRC  **CRSH**
Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada
Conseil de recherches en sciences humaines du Canada

CONTENTS

3	PURPOSE OF THE NIBI DECLARATION
4	PURPOSE OF THE TOOLKIT
5	WHAT IS A DECLARATION?
6	GCT3 WOMEN'S COUNCIL
7	WHAT IS HAPPENING IN TREATY #3 TERRITORY?
8	SOURCES OF INFORMATION AND KNOWLEDGE
9	NIBI DECLARATION PRINCIPLES
10	TIMELINE OF THE NIBI DECLARATION
11	SUMMARY OF MEETINGS
18	KEY TERMS
19	LAW BACKGROUNDER
22	SAMPLE WATER DECLARATIONS
24	ONLINE RESOURCES

PURPOSE OF THE NIBI DECLARATION

AANIIN WENGI IJI CHI GE'WIING – WHY ARE WE DOING THIS

This Nibi Declaration is about respect, love, and our sacred relationship with nibi and the life that it brings. It is based on Gitiizii m'inaanik teachings about nibi, aki/lands, other elements (including air and wind) and all of creation. This knowledge will be preserved and shared through the Declaration with our youth and future generations. Anishinaabe-Ikwewag have a sacred responsibility to nibi and should be included in all decision-making around nibi. This Declaration will guide us in our relationship with nibi so we can take action individually, in our communities and as a nation to help ensure healthy, living nibi for all of creation.

PURPOSE OF THE TOOLKIT

This Toolkit will provide you with information on how you, your family and your community can support the Nibi Declaration of the Anishinaabe of Treaty #3.

The Grand Council Treaty #3 (GCT3) Women's Council suggested that there should be a Treaty #3 Nibi Declaration.

A declaration is a tool that can be used by Treaty #3 to guide future policy and decision-making. The development of a water declaration would ensure that Treaty #3 Anishinaabe nibi inaakonigewin (water law principles) are recorded and formally recognized in governance processes.

Inside this Toolkit you will learn how the GCT3 Women's Council started the process to create a Treaty #3 Nibi Declaration with a research support team, and have met with other knowledge keepers/Gitiizii m'inaanik to receive guidance on how to proceed with community engagement. There are also summaries of meetings that have been held to date, the proposed process for the development of the Declaration, examples of other water declarations, and plans for ways to implement the Nibi Declaration.

WHAT IS A DECLARATION?

Declarations are used in many ways for many different purposes. For example, declarations made by nations act as a formal statement or announcement or an affirmation of a statement of truth (e.g. “I declare this statement to be true”).

Declarations have been used by communities and organizations as a way to create principles that help guide decision making.

While declarations are not legally binding (they cannot generally be used to enforce any legal action through the Canadian court systems), they can be used as a way to affirm or recognize Indigenous legal principles. Once declarations are recognized and affirmed by a nation, they can be implemented on individual, family and community levels to help guide decision-making.

The Nibi Declaration is a way for Treaty #3 to explain the Anishinaabe relationship with water. The Declaration is a reflection of the sacred teachings of water held by Treaty #3 knowledge keepers/Gitiizii m'inaanik to be shared with communities and those outside of the Treaty #3 Nation. It speaks to the sacred relationship and responsibilities that the Anishinaabe have with water, water beings and the lakes and rivers around them.

The Nibi Declaration has been developed and formally recognized through assembly and ceremony by Treaty #3. Communities can use the Declaration to ensure that any future policy decision, or any potential development project that impacts water, will respect the collective understanding of Treaty #3 Anishinaabe nibi inaakonigewin.

GCT3 WOMEN'S COUNCIL



The Women's Council is an important extension of the GCT3. They are community leaders and program organizers in the areas of MMIWG2S, child care, water and other responsibilities of Anishinaabe Kwe. They represent the four directions of the Treaty #3 territory.

Women's Council members that have contributed to work on the water Declaration are: Isobel White (Naotakamegwanning - Whitefish Bay), Priscilla Simard (Couchiching), Maggie Petiquan (Wabauskang), Rhonda Fischer (Niisaachewan - Dalles), Anita Collins (Seine River).

WHAT IS HAPPENING IN TREATY #3 TERRITORY?

Treaty #3 is a 55,000 square mile territory, spanning from west of Thunder Bay to North of Sioux Lookout, along the international border to the Province of Manitoba. Treaty #3 is made up of 28 First Nation communities with an approximate population of 25,000.

The Territorial Planning Unit (Zhaagimaa Waabo) ("TPU"), guided by Manito Aki Inakonigaawin (MAI or The Great Earth Law) recognizes the significance of Treaty #3's connection to the land and works with Treaty #3 leadership to protect the lands, water and resources within the Territory. The TPU is mandated through the Grand Council Environmental Chiefs and Treaty #3 Chiefs in Assembly.

Treaty #3 is marked by rapidly changing resource development activities such as mining, forestry management and nuclear waste management. Mining projects include: Goliath Gold, Pure Gold, New Gold, First Mining Financial and Steep Rock Mine Rehabilitation. Mining and forestry management impacts lands and waters of the Treaty #3 territory, and the TPU works to ensure communities are involved and the voice of the Anishinaabe Nation is heard during these decision-making processes.

The Nuclear Waste Management Organization is in a process of site selection, with one site present in the Treaty #3 territory in Ignace, ON. The project would involve the storage of nuclear waste in a storage facility. The engagement process for site selection and environmental assessment will take some time and it is important for Treaty #3 to be involved throughout. Other pressures in the Treaty #3 territory include those of water quality and water level management. The TPU has several ongoing initiatives to work on these challenges for the protection of the land and waters of the territory for future generations.

Currently the TPU is working towards a community-based program to monitor water quality and the environment. This monitoring program will help develop baseline data in the territory in order to further engage with outside organizations in response to resource management, environmental rehabilitation and protection.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION AND KNOWLEDGE

During the early meetings on the Nibi Declaration, it was identified that there has already been some work in the area of documenting Anishinaabe inakonigewin that should be built upon and used in the Declaration.

The GCT3 Women's Council identified that the Manito Aki Inakonigaawin would support information collected at an Elder gathering on nibi inakonigewin.

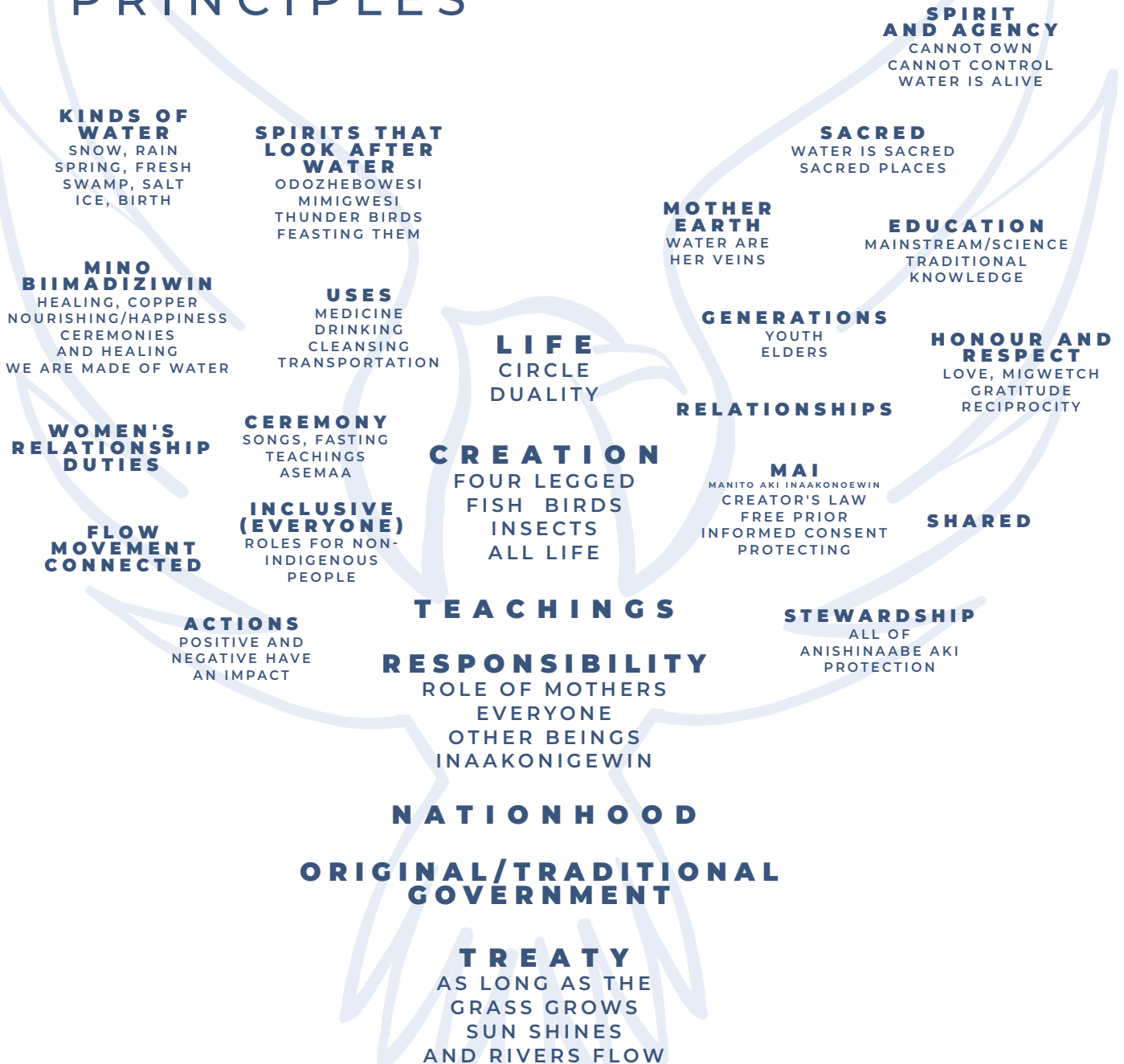
The GCT3 Women's Council advised the research support team to use these meeting notes and other existing documents as sources of Anishinaabe nibi inakonigewin in the development of the Nibi Declaration.

NOTES FROM ELDER'S GATHERING IN BLACK BEAR

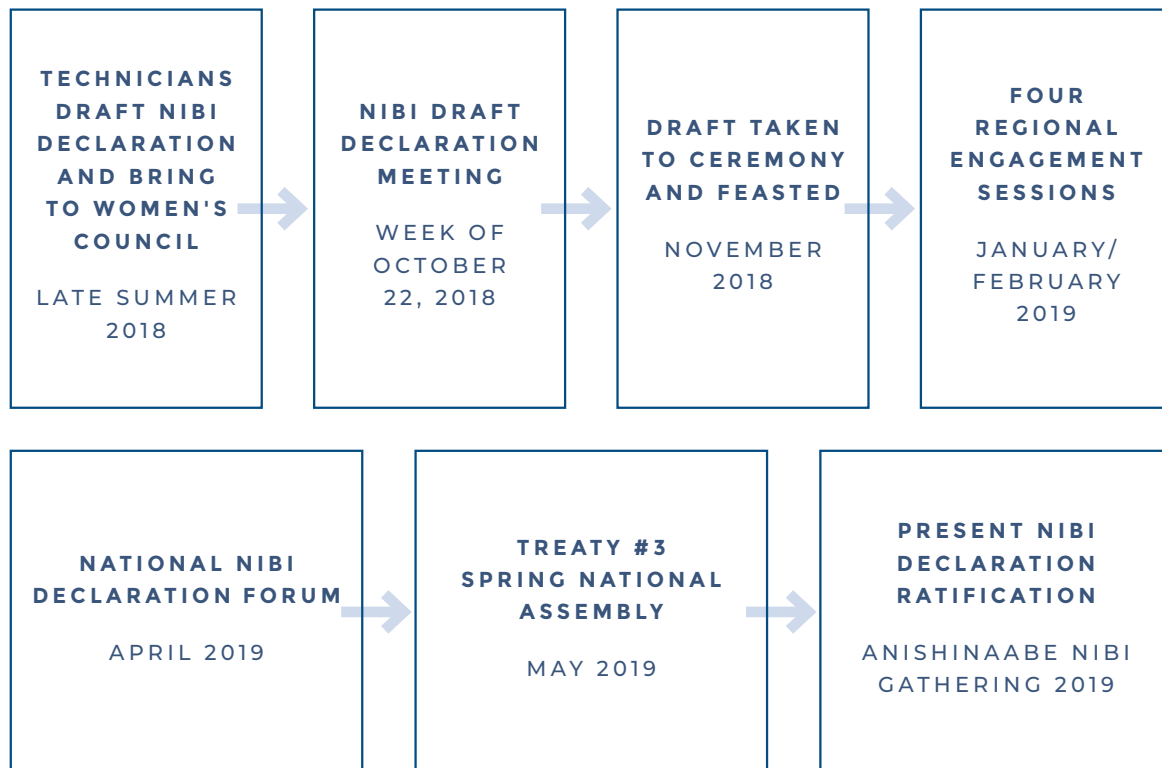
An elder's gathering in 2018 in Black Bear had invited elders and chiefs from across Treaty #3 to participate in discussions on interpreting, enforcing and codifying traditional laws. Elders shared many different teachings and experiential knowledge on what they knew about water, water beings, and changes they have observed around water, lakes and rivers within their lifetime. There were note takers at these gatherings and these notes were kept on file at the GCT3 offices.

The technical team worked from notes taken at the Elder's Gathering at Black Bear (2018) and other resources, including the MAI and TPU watershed management planning community engagement notes to develop the draft Nibi Declaration. By identifying repeating words, themes and Anishinaabe nibi inakonaagwein principles from the notes and documents, the team drafted various formats and visual representation of declarations that were shared with the GCT3 Women's Council and knowledge keepers/Gitiizii m'inaanik. At the meeting in October 2018, a draft Nibi Declaration of the Anishinaabe of Treaty #3 was agreed upon and it was later presented in ceremony and feasted on November 18, 2018.

NIBI DECLARATION PRINCIPLES



TIMELINE OF THE NIBI DECLARATION



SUMMARY OF MEETINGS

WOMEN'S COUNCIL PLANNING MEETING JULY 16 - 18 2018, NESTOR FALLS, ON.

The meeting was attended by GCT3 Women's Council members Isobel White, Priscilla Simard and Anita Collins (regrets Rhonda Fischer and Maggie Petiquan). Technical team: Aimée Craft, Lucas King and Alyssa Bird.

The purpose of the meeting was to introduce what a declaration is and to create a strategic plan to engage with Treaty #3 communities to create the Nibi Declaration. To do so, the following questions were asked and discussed:

- What's the purpose of the Nibi Declaration?
- What's the process in creating the Nibi Declaration?
- What's the content of the Nibi Declaration?
- What should the Nibi Declaration look like?
- Who needs to be involved?

The Women's Council and Support Team were engaged in ceremony and made water offerings, with the help of Laura and Delbert Horton, at Splitrock Bay.

RECOMMENDED DETAILS ABOUT NIBI DECLARATION

2-4 pages, accessible,
not technical, includes
Anishinaabemowin

Encompassing of all people in
Treaty #3 (Indigenous and non-
Indigenous)

WHO NEEDS TO BE INVOLVED

Gitiizii m'inaanik/
knowledge keepers

GCT3 Youth Council

Grand Council Treaty #3

DETAILS ABOUT NATIONAL NIBI DECLARATION FORUM

Reps each community to attend:1
Gitiizii m'inaanik, 1 Woman, 1 Youth

Kenora, ON in a facility that has
space for language and ceremony

WOMEN'S COUNCIL AND GITIIZII M'INAANIK MEETING OCTOBER 26 - 28 2018 KENORA, ON.

The meeting was attended by GCT3 Women's Council members Isobel White, Priscilla Simard, Maggie Petiquan and Anita Collins (regrets Rhonda Fischer). GCT3 Gitiizii m'inaanik Ida Skead, Gilbert Smith, Tommy White, Allan White, Ogichidaa (Francis Kavanaugh), Sherry Copenace and George Simard. Technical team: Aimée Craft, Lucas King and Alyssa Bird.

The purpose of the meetings was to receive guidance from Gitiizii m'inaanik on how to proceed with the development of the Nibi Declaration. The team reviewed and made edits to draft documents. Two drafts were produced from notes of the 2018 Elder's Gathering in Black Bear, the Manito Aki Inakonigaawin, nibi inaakonigewin, a draft GCT3 Water Declaration and Territorial Planning Unit notes. Those present made suggestions for formatting and wording in the Declaration. From here the Declaration was named the Nibi Declaration of the Anishinaabe of Treaty #3.

Similar to previous gatherings, the team offered tobacco and made water offerings during two days of meetings. Various points were identified by Gitiizii m'inaanik on when ceremony should be engaged, and the draft Declaration would be feasted at each step of its development.

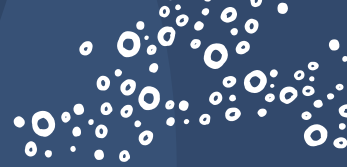
EDITS ON WATER DECLARATION

To be named "Nibi Declaration" of the Anishinaabe of Treaty #3

CEREMONY NEEDS TO BE ENGAGED

Feasting the draft Declaration at different milestones of the drafting process

Opening meetings with smudge, pipe and water ceremonies and offerings



NIBI

DECLARATION OF TREATY #3

NIBI (WATER) IS ALIVE AND HAS A SPIRIT. IT IS THE LIFELOOD OF OUR MOTHER (AKI) AND CONNECTS EVERYTHING. IT CAN GIVE, SUSTAIN AND TAKE LIFE.

NIBI CAN TAKE MANY FORMS INCLUDING SNOW, ICE, SPRING WATER, SALT WATER, RAIN, FRESH WATER, SWAMP WATER, AQUIFERS AND BIRTH WATER. EACH TYPE OF WATER HAS A ROLE TO PLAY IN OUR WELLNESS AND HEALING. NIBI IS CONNECTED TO OUR GRANDMOTHER, THE MOON. EVEN THOUGH IT HAS SUFFERED, NIBI CONTINUES TO BRING FORWARD LIFE AND WE MUST WORK TO HEAL THE WATER AND OURSELVES.

NIBI HAS A SPIRIT AND SHARES ITS GIFT OF LIFE WITH ALL OF CREATION

Nibi has its own spirit. It cannot be owned or controlled. Nibi is shared across lands and territories, between people, with other nations and all other beings that are part of creation. Spirits and other beings in creation look after nibi and its wellbeing. Nibi and all beings and spirits that look after nibi must be feasted. All creation expresses love and respect for nibi through gestures of gratitude.

WE NEED NIBI IN ORDER TO LIVE A GOOD LIFE

All beings, including Anishinaabe, are born of nibi. We depend on nibi to live and our bodies are made of it. Nibi is the source of our wellbeing. It nourishes us, spiritually, physically, mentally and emotionally and provides cleansing and healing. Clean nibi for drinking is important to our health. We must respect our sacred relationship with nibi and all beings in creation to help protect nibi for our children and future generations.

WE ALL HAVE A SACRED RELATIONSHIP WITH NIBI

Anishinaabe have been responsible for the care of the aki (land) and nibi since time immemorial. Women have a sacred relationship with nibi and a special responsibility to look after nibi because they carry birth water and have the ability to bring life into this world. Men have a role to play to protect the land and support the wellbeing of nibi and ikwewag. Our relationship with nibi is preserved through ceremony, teachings, education and knowledge shared through generations.

NIBI UNITES US

Through its flow and movement, nibi cleanses itself and connects us all. It brings us together as families, communities and as a nation. Traditional governance and law, including the Manito Aki Inakonigaawin and Treaty #3 confirm our collective responsibility to take action, give back and protect nibi and the environment for our children and future generations.

NIBI HAS A SPIRIT • NIBI IS LIFE • NIBI IS SACRED • WE HONOUR RESPECT AND LOVE NIBI

REGIONAL ENGAGEMENT SESSIONS JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2019 DRYDEN, FORT FRANCES, KENORA, ON.

DATES AND LOCATIONS:

January 24, 2019 – Kenora, ON

February 19, 2019 – Dryden, ON

February 20, 2019 – Fort Frances, ON

February 21, 2019 – Kenora, ON

The meetings were facilitated by members of the GCT3 Women's Council and technical team: Aimée Craft, Lucas King and Sam Chicago. Over the four meetings, about 60 Treaty #3 members from different communities attended to provide feedback on the Nibi Declaration and Toolkit.

The purpose of the meeting was to bring materials to the different regions of the territory and involve the voices of citizens of the Anishinaabe Nation of Treaty #3 in the process of developing the Nibi Declaration. Three main questions were asked for feedback on the Declaration and Toolkit:

- What major themes should be addressed in the Nibi Declaration?
- What materials are needed to support the Nibi Declaration?
- How does the Declaration impact you, your family and your community? What would you like to see?

The outcome of the regional meetings provided feedback for the draft Declaration presented at the Nibi Declaration National Forum. At each of the meetings the Women's Council, Technical Team and participants worked through the Declaration and Toolkit to get an understanding of regional specificities, dialects and purpose of the Declaration to Treaty #3 communities.

NATIONAL FORUM APRIL 24 - 25 2019, KENORA, ON.

The meetings were facilitated by members of the GCT3 Women's Council and technical team. Over 80 Treaty #3 members from different communities attended to provide feedback on the Nibi Declaration and Toolkit. One youth, one Elder and one woman were invited to participate from each community. Presentations on Declarations, nibi inaakonigewin and Anishinaabe gikendaasowin were made by Prof. Deborah McGregor and Sue Chiblow (York University) and Prof. Aimée Craft (University of Ottawa).

The purpose of the meeting was ensure that the voices and knowledge of citizens of the Anishinaabe Nation of Treaty #3 are accurately reflected in the Nibi Declaration



and Toolkit. The drum and ceremony guided the process. There was a significant amount of discussion from the floor in support of the Declaration.

The Forum confirmed that the Nibi Declaration and Toolkit should be presented to the Nation at the Assembly and that further work should be done to implement the Declaration after its ratification.

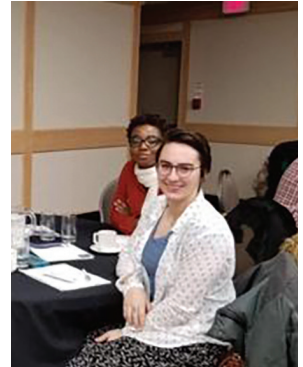
TREATY #3 SPRING NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, MAY 2019 COUCHICHING FIRST NATION, ON.

In May 2019 the Nibi Declaration was presented and unanimously supported at the Treaty #3 Spring National Assembly in Fort Frances. The development and ratification of the Nibi Declaration will ensure that Treaty #3 Anishinaabe nibi inaakonigewin (water law principles) are recorded and formally recognized in governance processes. The Declaration will guide GCT3 leadership in the creation of future policy and decision-making processes that relate to water.

Members of the GCT3 Women's Council and technical team attended the National Assembly in support of the Nibi Declaration's ratification.



Maggie Petiquan (Wabauskang), Aimée Craft (University of Ottawa, Decolonizing Water), Rhonda Fisher (Niisaachewan), Isobel White (Nootkamegwanning), Anita Collins (Seine River), Priscilla Simard (Couchiching), Lucas King (Water Resource Specialist – GCT3)



KEY TERMS

NIBI

water

MANITO NIBI

spirit water

MANITO WAABO

spirit water

SAAGIMAA WAABO

forever sacred water

SAAGIMAA MANITO

forever spirit

AKI

earth

IKWEWAG

women/ladies

MIIMIIGWESI little people
(or maachigaagosuk)

ANIMIKII

thunder beings

ODAZHEBOWESI

water spider (if you see this spider
like bug on the water you know
that it is clean)

**MINO-BIMAADIZIWIN
OR MINOWAANIGITOWIN**

wellness

GITIIZII M'INAANIK

Elders and knowledge keepers

ASEMAA

tobacco

NIBI KE MANITO

water's spirit

**INAAKONIGEWIN,
INAKONIGAAWIN,
KINOO'IGENIN**

law

*Treaty #3 language speakers will be engaged and pronunciations will be included (we hope to include recordings of the key terms and the Declaration as a whole in audio form on the website). We also appreciate that there are variations amongst regions and dialects. This is meant to be only a small bit of helpful information about language commonly used in relation to water.

LAW BACKGROUND

CANADIAN AND PROVINCIAL LAWS:

FEDERAL WATER LAWS - The bulk of federal acts and regulations relating to water deal with inter-jurisdictional issues and national concern for the protection of water. The majority of the power to regulate water is placed within the provincial governments. Should issues be of national concern, the *Canada Water Act* allows the Minister of the Environment to upload the responsibility for only that issue or watershed to the federal government.

IMPORTANT FEDERAL WATER LAWS:

- Canada Water Act
- Dominion Water Power Act
- Impact Assessment Act
- Fisheries Act
- Safe Drinking Water for First Nations Act

ONTARIO WATER LAWS - The *Ontario Water Resources Act* manages water quality and quantity in Ontario. The *Environmental Protection Act* focuses on pollution control. Environmental planning is primarily managed under the *Environmental Assessment Act*. The purpose of the *Clean Water Act* is to protect existing and future drinking water sources. The *Water Opportunities and Water Conservation Act* balance new business opportunities in the water technology sector with water sustainability planning.

OTHER IMPORTANT ONTARIO WATER LAWS:

- Safe Drinking Water Act
- Conservation Authorities Act
- Environmental Bill of Rights
- Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act
- Great Lakes Protection Act
- Provincial Parks and Conservation Reserves Act
- Municipal Water and Sewage Transfer Act
- Nutrient Management Act

INTERNATIONAL LAW - UNDRIP ARTICLE 25

The United Nations Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) is an international declaration that was adopted by the United Nations in 2007, and supported by Canada in 2010. There are many different articles within UNDRIP that are useful tools, which can support Treaty #3 assertions of Anishinaabe nibi inaakonigewin through tools like a Treaty #3 Water Declaration.

UNDRIP Article 25 supports Treaty #3 in assertions of the Anishinaabe understanding of relationships and obligations to land and water.



ARTICLE 25

INDIGENOUS PEOPLES HAVE
THE RIGHT TO MAINTAIN
AND STRENGTHEN THEIR
DISTINCTIVE SPIRITUAL
RELATIONSHIP WITH THEIR
TRADITIONALLY OWNED OR
OTHERWISE OCCUPIED AND
USED LANDS, TERRITORIES,
WATERS AND COASTAL SEAS
AND OTHER RESOURCES
AND TO UPHOLD THEIR
RESPONSIBILITIES TO
FUTURE GENERATIONS
IN THIS REGARD.

SAMPLE

WATER DECLARATIONS

There are many different examples of water declarations that have been created by First Nations, Indigenous political advocacy organizations and grassroots initiatives to formally recognize relationships with water. The following are a few examples of water declarations that have drawn on Indigenous legal principles and understandings of responsibilities and obligations to water to affirm values and commitments to nibi.

KICHENUHMAYKOOSIB INNINUWUG WATER DECLARATION

Kitchenuhmaykoosip Innuiwug (Big Trout Lake First Nation) is a Treaty #9 community which created a water declaration that aims to protect the watershed within the community's territory from industrial development. It was formally accepted by membership in 2011.

ASSEMBLY OF FIRST NATIONS – FIRST NATIONS NATIONAL WATER DECLARATION

The Assembly of First Nations (AFN) has a water portfolio that deals with many water issues such as First Nations right to water, watershed management and protection and overall water management. The First Nations National Water Declaration was brought to a Special Chiefs Assembly in 2013 where it was endorsed.

CHIEFS OF ONTARIO WATER DECLARATION

The Chiefs of Ontario also identified the need for a water declaration after hosting a water policy forum. The Chiefs of Ontario's water declaration was brought forward and accepted in 2008 at the Chiefs assembly meeting.

GREAT LAKES COMMONS CHARTER DECLARATION

Great Lakes Commons is a grassroots organization that looks to restore the relationship, responsibilities and stewardship to the Great Lakes of Ontario.



GARMA INTERNATIONAL INDIGENOUS WATER DECLARATION

The Garma Declaration recognizes that Indigenous peoples internationally share cultural and customary responsibilities to fresh water. The Declaration reflects Indigenous peoples' connections to water and expresses the significance of Indigenous knowledge and water interests to the security of freshwater when water laws and systems treat water as a commodity. The Declaration was endorsed in August 2008 by a group of Indigenous peoples from around the world.

LAKE ERIE BILL OF RIGHTS

In February 2019, residents of Toledo, Ohio, voted in favor of a Lake Erie Bill of Rights, which proposed to grant the lake legal rights to “exist, flourish, and naturally evolve.” The Bill is meant to protect the Lake Erie watershed, which is comprised of an ecosystem that millions of people and countless species depend on for health, drinking water and survival.

ONLINE RESOURCES

MANITO AKI INAKONIGAAWIN

The Anishinaabe Nation in Treaty #3, Manito Aki Inakonigaawin - http://gct3.ca/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/mai_unofficial_consolidated_copy1.pdf

VIDEOS

Anishinaabe laws - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DtjRjB44WJ8>

Anishinaabemowin – Nibi - <https://vimeo.com/329886078>

Anishinaabemowin Language Teachings - <https://vimeo.com/330265938>

Clay and water - <https://vimeo.com/261561860>

Climate change impacts - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PBdubfLsqBY>

Indigenous Water Law (Decolonizing Water Governance) - <https://vimeo.com/228287217>

Nibi Declaration - <http://gct3.ca/nibi-declaration-and-video-for-world-water-day/>

Nibi Inaakonigewin - <https://bifrostonline.org/what-significance-does-water-have-in-first-nations-legal-traditions/>

Speak for the water - <https://vimeo.com/330258602>

The significance of water- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0_W78uoBkrA

Water - <https://vimeo.com/327176115>

ARTICLES

Navigating Our Ongoing Sacred Legal Relationship with Nibi (Water) – Aimée Craft
- <https://www.cigionline.org/sites/default/files/documents/UNDRIP%20Fall%202018%20lowres.pdf> (pp. 53-62).

REPORTS

Anishinaabe Nibi Inaakonigewin Report - ANI Elders and Aimée Craft - http://create-h2o.ca/pages/annual_conference/presentations/2014/ANI_Gathering_Report_-_June24.pdf

Between Law and Action: Assessing the State of Knowledge on Indigenous Law, UNDRIP and Free, Prior and Informed Consent with reference to Fresh Water Resources - <http://decolonizingwater.sites.olt.ubc.ca/files/2017/09/Bakker-Askew-Final-UNDRIP.pdf>

CONTACT INFO:

GRAND COUNCIL TREATY #3
Kenora, ON
Toll Free: 1-800-665-3384
Email: water@treaty3.ca

DECOLONIZING WATER
Email: water@uottawa.ca
www.decolonizingwater.ca

