

Consumer Price Index Information

Compiled February 27, 2019 for discussion at March 4, 2019 Budget Meeting

Geography	Products and product groups ²	December 2017	November 2018	December 2018	November 2018 to December 2018	December 2017 to December 2018
Ontario (map)		2002=100			Percentage change	
	All-items	132.0	135.1	135.0	-0.1	2.3
	Food ⁴	144.3	148.0	150.2	1.5	4.1
	Shelter ⁵	141.1	143.9	144.1	0.1	2.1
	Household operations, furnishings and equipment	122.3	126.3	125.9	-0.3	2.9
	Clothing and footwear	88.1	92.6	88.9	-4.0	0.9
	Transportation	137.0	137.4	138.5	0.8	1.1
	Health and personal care	125.7	126.6	127.2	0.5	1.2
	Recreation, education and reading	114.5	118.6	116.3	-1.9	1.6
	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco products and recreational cannabis	166.5	177.4	176.6	-0.5	6.1
		1992=100			Percentage change	
	All-items (1992=100) (Terminated)	158.6 ¹	162.2 ¹	162.2 ¹	0.0 ¹	2.3 ¹
		2002=100			Percentage change	
	All-items excluding food	129.9	132.7	132.3	-0.3	1.8
	All-items excluding food and energy ⁶	127.5	131.1	131.0	-0.1	2.7
	All-items excluding alcoholic beverages, tobacco products and smokers' supplies and recreational cannabis	131.1	133.9	133.9	0.0	2.1
	All-items excluding energy ⁶	130.3	133.9	134.1	0.1	2.9
	All-items excluding gasoline	130.5	134.0	134.2	0.1	2.8
	All-items excluding shelter, insurance and financial services (Terminated)	126.1 ¹	129.0 ¹	128.8 ¹	-0.2 ¹	2.1 ¹
	Energy ⁶	159.3	152.4	147.4	-3.3	-7.5
	Goods ⁷	118.0	118.7	118.0	-0.6	0.0
	Durable goods ⁷	88.4	88.4	88.1	-0.3	-0.3
	Semi-durable goods ⁷	89.9	93.9	90.5	-3.6	0.7
	Non-durable goods ⁷	145.3	144.9	145.1	0.1	-0.1
	Services ⁸	144.7	149.9	150.4	0.3	3.9
Symbol legend:						
1: terminated						

Statistics Canada. Table 18-10-0004-13 Consumer Price Index by product group, monthly, percentage change, not seasonally adjusted, Canada, provinces, Whitehorse, Yellowknife and Iqaluit

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a statistical estimate constructed using the prices of a sample of representative items whose prices are collected periodically. Sub-indices and sub-sub-indices are computed for different categories and sub-categories of goods and services, being combined to produce the overall index with weights reflecting their shares in the total of the [consumer expenditures](#) covered by the index. It is one of several [price indices](#) calculated by most national statistical agencies. The annual percentage change in a CPI is used as a measure of [inflation](#). A CPI can be used to index (i.e. adjust for the effect of inflation) the real value of wages, salaries, [pensions](#), for regulating prices and for deflating monetary magnitudes to show changes in real values.